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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 10/688,662 | 662 10/17/2003 Michael S. McLaughlin | | 930002-2130 | 1199 |
| 20999 | 7590 07/28/2004 | • | EXAMINER | |
| FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG 745 FIFTH AVENUE- 10TH FL. | | | GANEY, STEVEN J | |
| NEW YORK, NY 10151 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 3752 | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 07/28/2004 | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
|---|---|---|
| Office Action Summary | 10/688,662 | MCLAUGHLIN, MICHAEL S. |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| TI MANUAL DATE CALL | Steven J. Ganey | 3752 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply | appears on the cover sheet w | ith the correspondence address |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, and If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by such any reply received by the Office later than three months after the nearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r. a reply within the statutory minimum of thir eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tatute, cause the application to become AF | reply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. |
| Status | | |
| 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1 | 17 October 2003. | |
| | This action is non-final. | - |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allo | | ers, prosecution as to the merits is |
| closed in accordance with the practice und | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the applicat | tion. | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are rejected. | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an | nd/or election requirement. | |
| Application Papers | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Exam | niner. | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) | accepted or b)□ objected to l | by the Examiner. |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor | rection is required if the drawing(| s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: | eign priority under 35 U.S.C. § | 119(a)-(d) or (f). |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority docum | ents have been received. | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority docum | | oplication No. |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p | | |
| application from the International Bur | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a | list of the certified copies not i | received. |
| | | |
| Attachment(s) | | |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | | ummary (PTO-413) /Mail Date |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ | (08) 5) Notice of In | formal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>03/15/04</u> . | 6) Other: | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-25 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-25 of copending Application No. 10/408,700. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are both claiming a method comprising the steps of providing a spray nozzle and plating the spray nozzle or a spray nozzle comprising a housing, inlet and outlet orifice, a lumen and a lubricious plating and a spray nozzle wherein the improvement is a lubricious plating. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that when plating the nozzle as claimed in copending Application No. 10/408,700, the entire nozzle would be plated including a land surface if one were provided.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 24 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Cole et al.

Cole et al discloses a method of plating a spray nozzle to prevent corrosion and wear resistance using a titanium coating and a TeflonTM coating, note land surface 51.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 2, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cole et al.

Cole et al discloses all the featured elements of the instant invention except for the material being nickel, or from the groups listed or being stainless steel. Note that Cole et al discloses that the nozzle can be constructed from a variety of materials, therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have

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the spray nozzle formed from stainless steel since stainless steel is known to be a corrosion resistant material.

As to claims 2, 4, 10, 12, 19 and 21, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to choose one of these materials, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416. Also, Cole et al discloses titanium as the plating material, therefore, other titanium compositions would be known to a worker in the art.

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Soltwedel et al teaches providing a lubricating material for metal. Probst et al teaches a nozzle being made from TeflonTM. Duffy et al teaches coating threads with a lubricating coating.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven J. Ganey whose telephone number is (703) 308-2585. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday from 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Mar, can be reached on (703) 308-2087. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 872-9306.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

sjg

7/27/04

STEVEN J. GANEY PRIMARY EXAMINER

7/27/04